

HARMONISATION OF THE SAFETY APPROACH FOR FUTURE REACTORS

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- GIF (Generation IV International Forum) has defined ambitious technical objectives for fourth-generation reactors:
 - **Sustainability:**
 - minimization of high-level long-lived waste
 - optimal use of natural resources
 - new applications such as hydrogen production
 - **Competitiveness**
 - **Safety and reliability**
 - **Resistance to proliferation**
 - **Physical protection**

- Six promising technologies have been selected by GIF:
 - Gas-Cooled Fast Reactor System **GFR**
 - Lead-Cooled Fast Reactor System **LFR**
 - Molten Salt Reactor System **MSR**
 - Sodium-Cooled Fast Reactor System **SFR**
 - Supercritical-Water-Cooled Reactor System **SCWR**
 - Very-High-Temperature Reactor System **VHTR**
- ↳ International cooperation is organized to implement R&D necessary for their deployment
- In France, development of:
 - SFR (AREVA, CEA, EDF)
 - HTR (AREVA, CEA)
 - GFR (CEA)
- ↳ Involvement in projects sponsored by European Union

- Deliberations on the safety guidelines for future plants are conducted at both international and national level
- In France, creation of "*Groupe Consultatif Français de Sûreté*" (GCFS - French Advisory Group on Safety):
 - AREVA, CEA and EDF
 - providing safety guidelines in support to French development
 - interacting with:
 - *Risk and Safety Working Group (RSWG)* set up by the GIF
 - IAEA
 - EU development (e.g. SFR)

- GCFS works in particular on:
 - defining safety guidelines common to fourth generation concepts
 - establishing requirements for specific technology on the basis of this technologically neutral framework
 - supporting dialog with the French Safety Authority
- Safety harmonization performed by RSWG and GCFS ensures that R&D work at national and international level is relevant and optimised

- Main guidelines recommended by GCFS:
 - the safety requirements should be defined at the earliest stages of the design process and anticipate future licensing evolution,
 - in the continuity with nuclear background, the design should be based on the "Defense-in-Depth" principle, particularly required for innovative reactors. Indeed, the lack of knowledge and of experience feedback limits the early use of PSA for the design,
 - the general safety objectives and principles should be consistent with the ambitious ones used for EPR (European Pressurized water Reactor),
 - the safety demonstration should be robust, e.g., improved consideration of hazards.